# Indices of Deprivation 2019

#### SUMMARY FOR GOSPORT BOROUGH

Planning Policy

**Gosport Borough Council** 

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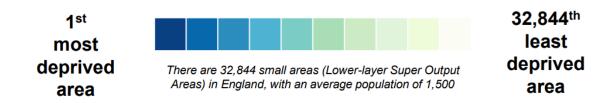
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## What are the Indices of Deprivation (IoD)?

The Indices of Deprivation 2019 (IoD2019) are the Government's primary measure of deprivation for small areas (known as LSOAs) in England. They replace and update the Indices of Deprivation 2015. They have been produced by MHCLG in a similar way since 2000.

The main index is the Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD), which combines measures across seven distinct aspects of deprivation.

The Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD) ranks every small area in England from 1 (most deprived area) to 32,844 (least deprived area)

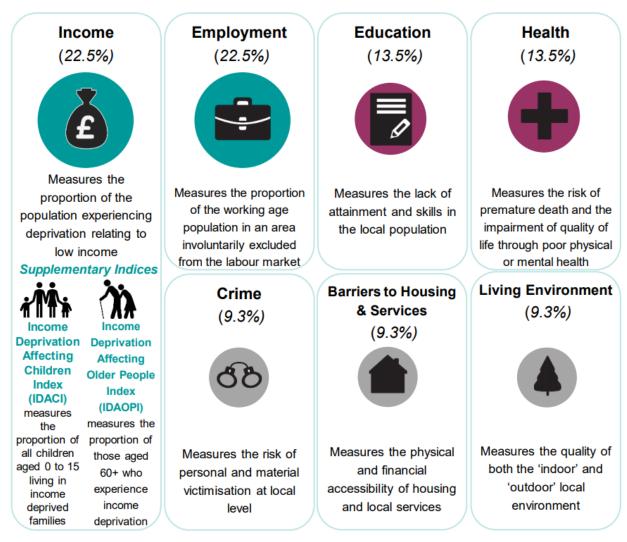


## Domains

There are seven different domains, or facets, of deprivation which combine to create the Index of Multiple Deprivation.

The weights for each domain are derived from consideration of the academic literature on poverty and deprivation, as well as the robustness of the indicators.

The indicators chosen to measure each domain of deprivation are detailed in <u>Appendix 1</u>.



MHCLG, IoD2019

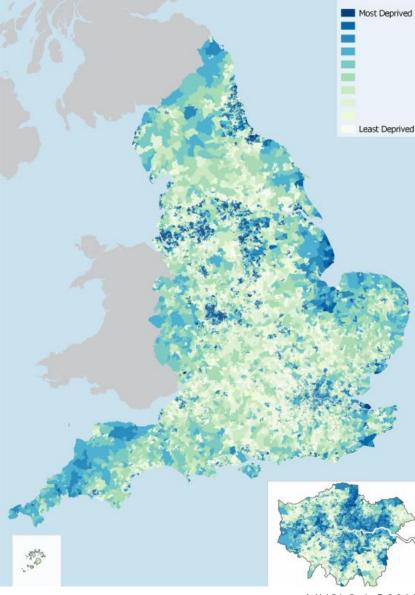
## LSOAs

Lower-layer Super Output Areas (LSOAs) are a standard statistical geography commonly used to divide the country into even areas, each with a similar population. These can also be referred to as small areas or 'neighbourhoods'.

There are 32,844 LSOAs in England, with an average population of 1,500 each. In Gosport Borough there are 53 LSOAs.

Example of an induvial LSOA in Gosport Borough: Gosport 0008D





MHCLG, IoD2019

# Ranks and deciles

It is common to describe how relatively deprived a neighbourhood is by saying whether it falls among the most deprived 10 per cent, 20 per cent or 30 per cent of small areas in England (although there is no definitive cut-off at which an area is described as 'deprived').

To assist, deprivation 'deciles' are published alongside ranks.

Deciles are calculated by ranking the 32,844 small areas in England, from most deprived to least deprived, and dividing them into 10 equal groups. These range from the most deprived 10 per cent of small areas nationally to the least deprived 10 per cent.

Decile	Decile Description	Rank
1	10% most deprived	1 to 3,284
2	10% to 20%	3,285 to 6,568
3	20% to 30%	6,569 to 9,853
4	30% to 40%	9,854 to 13,137
5	40% to 50%	13,138 to 16,422
6	50% to 60%	16,423 to 19,706
7	60% to 70%	19,707 to 22,990
8	70% to 80%	22,991 to 26,275
9	80% to 90%	26,276 to 29,559
10	10% least deprived	29,560 to 32,844

#### How can the IoD2019 be used?

- comparing small areas across England
- identifying the most deprived small areas
- exploring the domains (or types) of deprivation
- comparing larger administrative areas e.g. local authorities
- looking at changes in relative deprivation between iterations (i.e. changes in ranks)

- × quantifying how deprived a small area is
- × identifying deprived people
- × saying how affluent a place is
- comparing with small areas in other UK countries
- measuring absolute change in deprivation over time

A guide to the English Indices of Deprivation 2019 with frequently asked questions can be found online: <u>https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/english-indices-of-deprivation-2019</u>

# Indices of Deprivation 2019 findings

**GOSPORT BOROUGH** 

## Index of Multiple Deprivation (IMD)

There are 53 LSOAs in Gosport Borough.

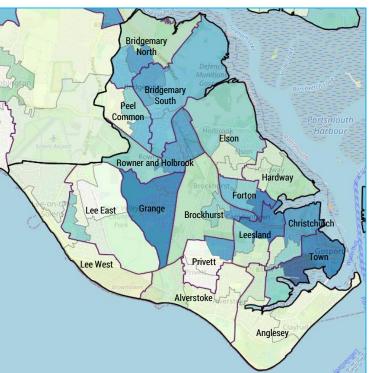
2% of LSOAs (1 LSOA in Town ward) are in the 10% most deprived nationally. 13% of LSOAs (7 LSOA in Grange, Forton, Leesland and parts of Town) are in the 20% most deprived nationally.

Parts of Gosport Borough are more deprived compared to other parts of Hampshire and the South East. The IMD2019 reinforces previously identified patterns of deprivation across the Borough. Gosport continues to have deprivation 'hotspots' that are amongst some of the most deprived areas in the country yet are adjacent to some of the least deprived areas in the country.

The IMD shows that deprivation is unevenly distributed across the Borough. Areas such as Bridgemary, Rowner and Holbrook, Grange, Forton, Town and Christchurch display higher levels of deprivation. Places like Lee-on-the-Solent, Hardway, Privett, Alverstoke and Anglesev display much lower levels of deprivation.

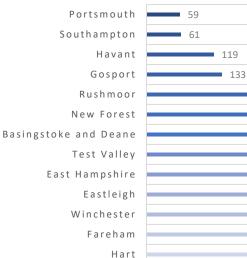


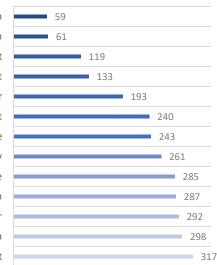




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#### Hampshire & the Cities (rank of average score) Gosport Borough = $2^{nd}$ most deprived in HCC area





#### Map legend



In Hampshire (including Portsmouth and Southampton) there are 41 LSOAs in the 10% most deprived nationally. 1 of these is in Gosport. There are also 72 LSOAs in the 11%-20% most deprived areas nationally, 7 of these are in Gosport.

The complexity and multi-dimensional nature of deprivation means the story is far from simple. Gosport has both deprived and non deprived areas. It's necessary to look at the distribution of deprivation in different parts of the Borough through the domains explored in this report.

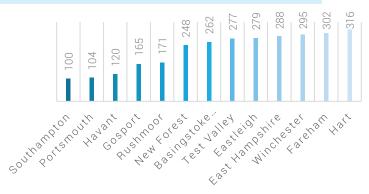
### **Income Domain**



Of the 53 LSOA's in the Borough none are in the 10% most deprived nationally, however 4 are in the 20% most deprived nationally.

There are 3 LSOA's in the 10% least deprived nationally and 7 in the 20% least deprived. For income LSOA's generally score better than the average shown in the IMD. This shows that although an important factor, income deprivation is not the main driver of deprivation within Gosport Borough.

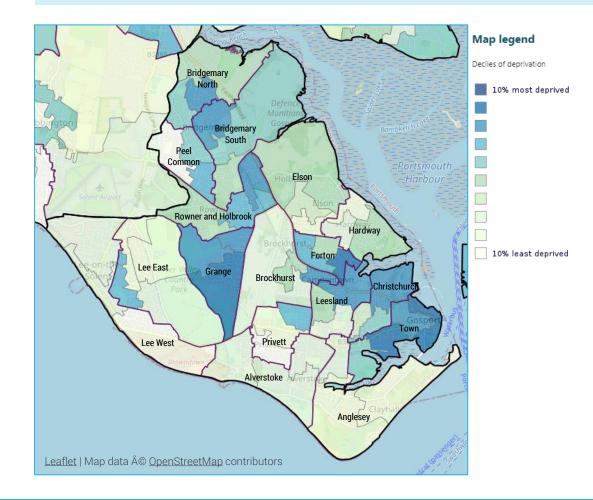
Compared to 2015, there are now less areas classified as in the most deprived deciles. 4 LSOAs (8%) are in the 20% most deprived nationally compared to 6 LSOAs (11%) in 2015.



#### **Hampshire & the Cities** (rank of average score) Gosport Borough = $2^{nd}$ most deprived in HCC area

#### **Income Domain**

Measures the proportion of the population in an area experiencing deprivation relating to low income.

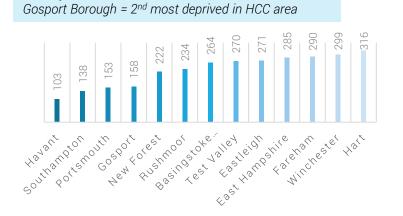


## **Employment Domain**



Of the 53 LSOA's in the Borough 1 is in the 10% most deprived nationally, this compares to none in 2015. There are 5 in the 20% most deprived and 7 in the 30% most deprived nationally. 3 LSOA's are in the 10% least deprived nationally and 9 in the 20% least deprived.

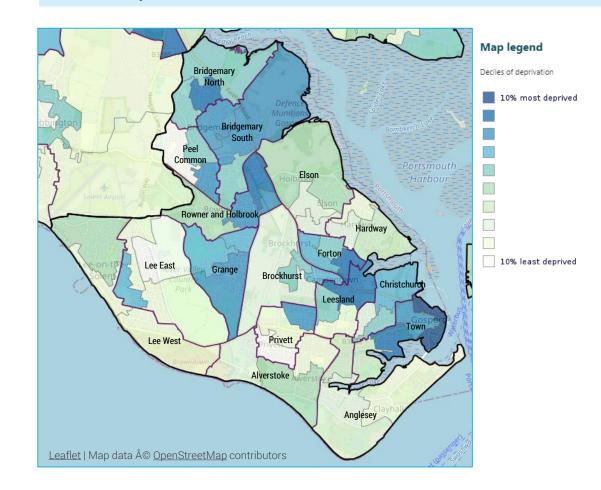
Employment deprivation is not as pronounced as overall deprivation. This shows that although it is still an important factor employment deprivation is not likely to be the main driver of deprivation within Gosport Borough. The areas most affected by employment deprivation are areas near the Town. These have become increasingly deprived since 2015.



Hampshire & the Cities (rank of average score)

#### **Employment Domain**

Measures the proportion of the working age population in an area involuntarily excluded from the labour market.



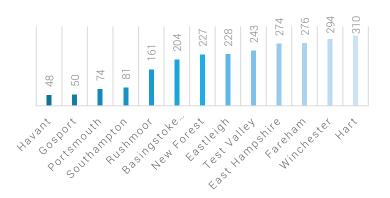
## Education, Skills and Training Domain



Of the 53 LSOA's in the Borough 10 are in the 10% most deprived nationally, 7 in the 20% most deprived and 10 in the 30% most deprived nationally. There are no LSOA's in the 10% least deprived nationally, but there are 5 in the 20% least deprived.

Compared to 2015, the number of LSOAs in the Borough which fall within the 0-30% most deprived nationally has increased from 24 to 27. The number with the most severe deprivation have increased from 7 to 10 LSOAs.

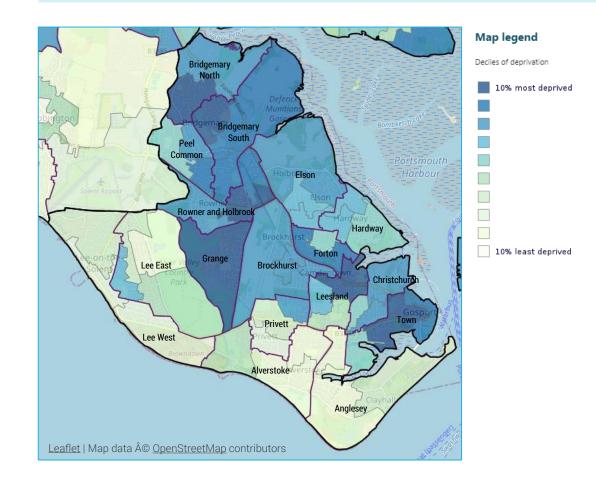
Education, Skills and Training deprivation is a major factor in the Borough. Out of all the domains, the geographical spread is wide and pronounced in most areas apart from Anglesey, Alverstoke, Privett and Leeon-the-Solent.



#### **Hampshire & the Cities** (rank of average score) Gosport Borough = $2^{nd}$ most deprived in HCC area

#### Education, Skills and Training Domain

Measures the lack of attainment and skills in the local population, including children and young people and adult skills.



## Health Deprivation and Disability Domain



Compared to 2015, there are now no areas of the Borough in the 10% most deprived nationally in terms of health deprivation. There are 6 LSOAs in the 20% most deprived and 7 in the 30% most deprived nationally.

No LSOA's are in the 10% least deprived nationally and only 1 is in the 20% least deprived.

Health deprivation is found in significant clusters throughout the Borough but is not necessarily a significant factor in overall deprivation. That said, the areas most affected by income and employment deprivation are also those areas more deprived in their health and disability.

Gosport Borough = Most deprived in HCC area 217 156 123 121 6 55

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RUSHMOOT

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Southampton

Portsmouth

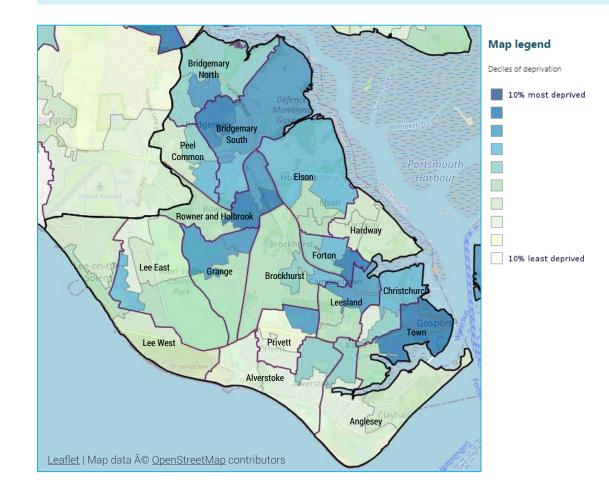
GOSPOTT Havant Esst Hampshile

Winchester

Hampshire & the Cities (rank of average score)



Measures the risk of premature death and the impairment of quality of life through poor physical or mental health.



## **Crime Domain**



Of the 53 LSOA's in the Borough there are 5 in the 10% most deprived nationally, 7 in the 20% most deprived and 6 in the 30% most deprived nationally. There is 1 LSOA in the 10% least deprived and only 2 in the 20% least deprived nationally.

Crime is an important factor in overall deprivation and the scores show that the areas of the Borough with the most crime deprivation also exhibit higher levels of deprivation in other domains.

Compared to 2015 the number of LSOAs which fall within the 0-30% most deprived areas nationally has fallen from 21 to 18

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New Forest

Southampton

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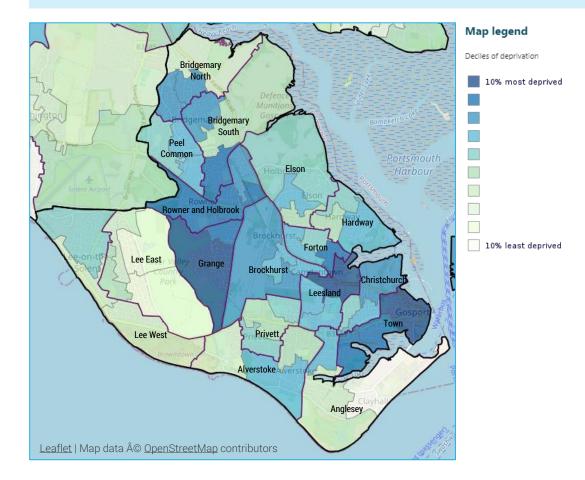
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Hampshire & the Cities (rank of average score)

Gosport Borough = Most deprived in HCC area

#### **Crime Domain**

Measures the risk of personal and material victimisation at a local level.



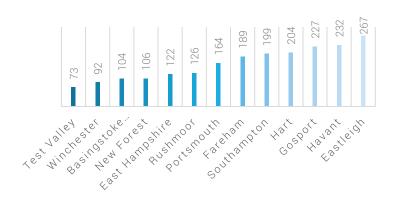
## **Barriers to Housing and Services Domain**



Of the 53 LSOA's in the Borough there are none in the 10% most deprived nationally, however there are 3 in the 20% most deprived and 6 in the 30% most deprived nationally.

There are 4 LSOA's in the 10% least deprived nationally and 6 in the 20% least deprived. Scores for this domain display a different distribution compared to the IMD. The areas with the highest deprivation in terms of barriers to housing and services are generally in the south and south west of the Borough. The Town Centre area also scores within the 20% most deprived nationally.

Compared to 2015, the number of LSOAs in the Borough which fall within the 0-30% most deprived nationally has stayed the same, although there are now no LSOAs in the 10% most deprived nationally.

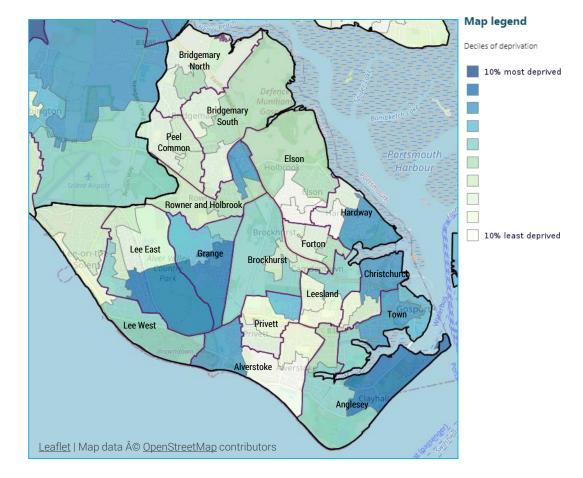


Hampshire & the Cities (rank of average score)

Gosport Borough = 3<sup>rd</sup> least deprived in HCC area

#### Barriers to Housing and Services Domain

Measures the physical and financial accessibility of housing and local services.



## Living Environment Deprivation Domain



Of the 53 LSOA's in the Borough there are 3 in the 10% most deprived nationally, 6 in the 20% most deprived and 5 in the 30% most deprived nationally. There are 3 LSOA's in the 10% least deprived and 2 in the 20% least deprived nationally.

Gosport as an urban Borough tends to score worse than more rural parts of Hampshire. Areas of the Borough which are in close proximity to open space score very low in deprivation. Areas which have historically developed as dense terraced housing or flats are more deprived in their living environment.

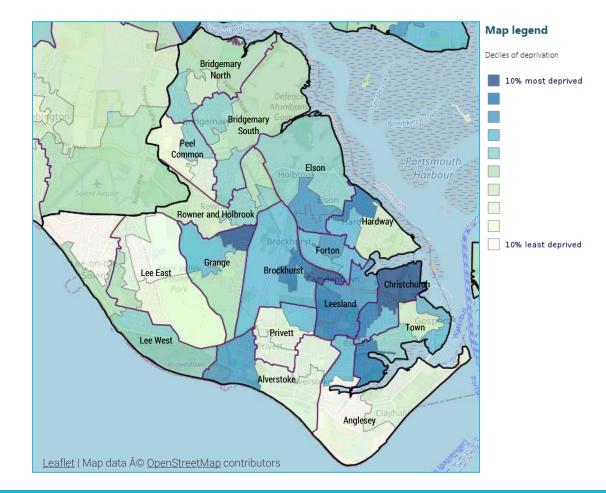
The number of LSOAs in the Borough which fall within the 0-30% most deprived areas nationally has fallen significantly from 21 in 2015 to 14 in 2019.





#### Living Environment Deprivation Domain

Measures the quality of the local environment, both 'indoors' and 'outdoors'.



## Income Deprivation Affecting Children Index (IDACI)

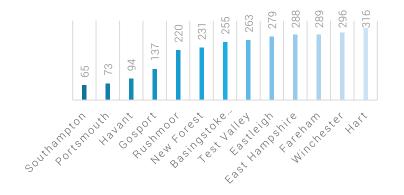


Of the 53 LSOA's in the Borough 1 is in the 10% most deprived nationally, 6 in the 20% most deprived and 4 in the 30% most deprived nationally. There are no LSOA's in the 10% least deprived nationally but there are 5 in the 20% least deprived.

The town and surrounding areas and the Grange area display the most deprivation in this domain. However, generally the Borough has lower levels of income deprivation affecting children suggesting it is not the main driver of deprivation.

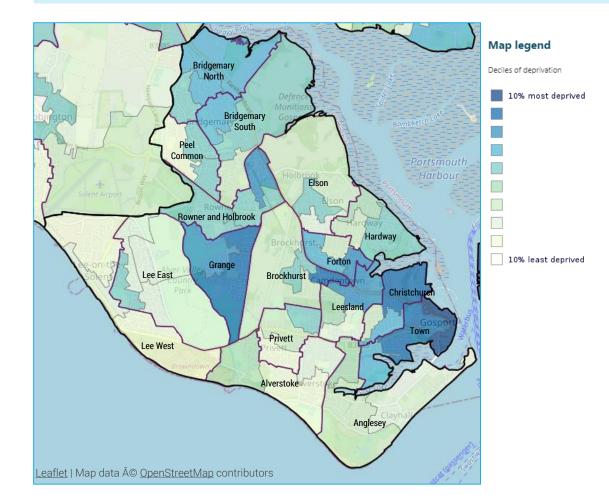
The number of LSOAs in the Borough which fall within the 0-30% most deprived areas nationally has fallen from 12 to 11. At the same time, there are fewer LSOAs in the least deprived deciles.





#### IDACI

Measures the proportion of all children aged 0 to 15 living in income deprived families.



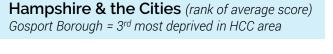
## Income Deprivation Affecting Older People Index (IDAOPI)

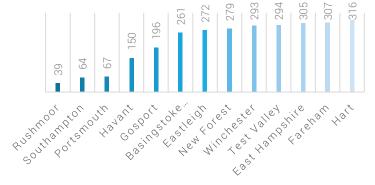


Of the 53 LSOA's in the Borough there are none in the 10% most deprived nationally, 2 in the 20% most deprived, and 3 in the 30% most deprived nationally. There are 6 LSOA's in the 10% least deprived nationally and 10 in the 20% least deprived.

It is clear that income deprivation in older people is much less apparent than in younger people. While there are still clusters of deprivation, many parts of the Borough are much less deprived in this domain.

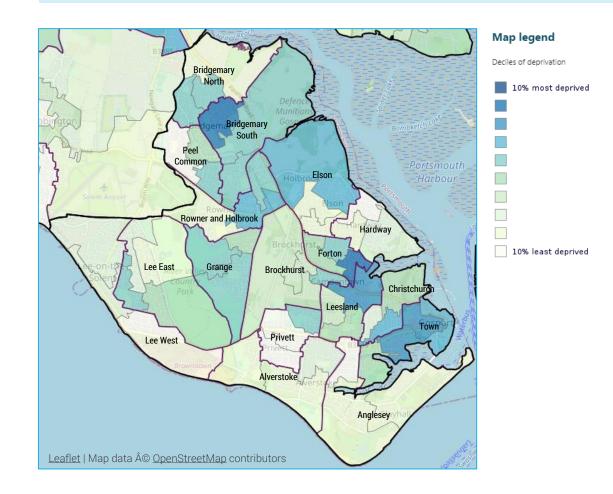
This perhaps reflects the steadier and more resilient income stream in the retired population compared to younger families. Compared to 2015, the number of LSOAs in the Borough which fall within the 0-30% most deprived nationally has stayed the same.





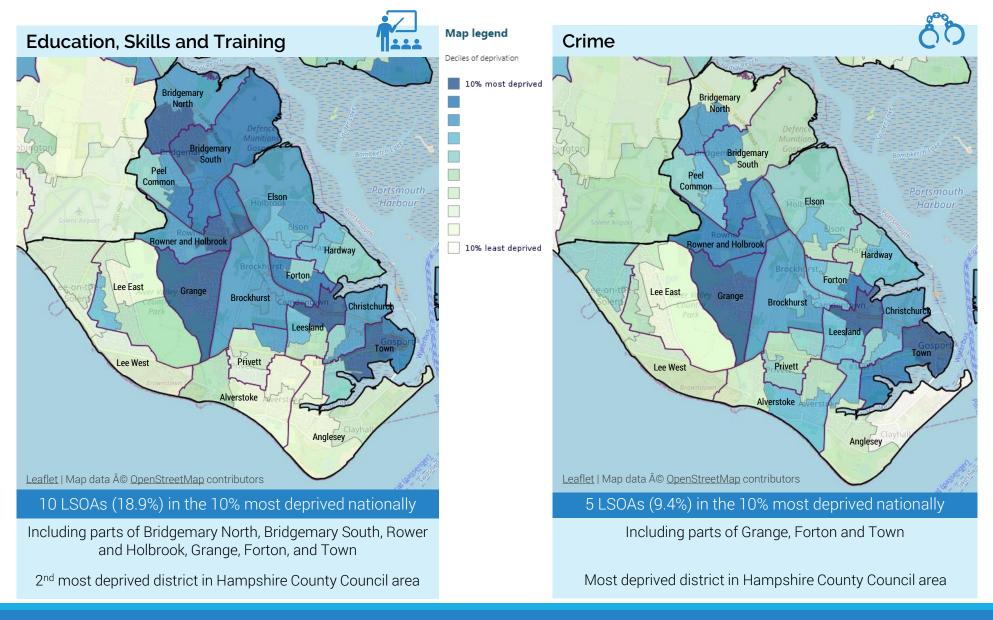
#### IDAOPI

A supplementary index measuring the proportion of all those aged 60 or over who experience income deprivation.



## Particular Borough issues

Out of all the domains that make up the Indices of Deprivation 2019, the most significant deprivation in Gosport Borough is within two domains:



# Further information

The following resources provide access to the English Indices of Deprivation 2019 and prior releases. English indices of deprivation 2019 National Statistics – all statistics and FAQ document:

https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/englishindices-of-deprivation-2019

Mapping resources – interactive tools to aid exploration:

https://www.gov.uk/guidance/english-indices-ofdeprivation-2019-mapping-resources

Research report – outlining main results and providing examples and guidance:

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/englishindices-of-deprivation-2015-research-report

Technical report – outlining concepts and methodology underpinning the indices:

https://www.gov.uk/government/publications/englishindices-of-deprivation-2019-technical-report

English indices of deprivation 2015:

https://www.gov.uk/government/statistics/englishindices-of-deprivation-2015

## Appendix 1 Indicator details

There are 39 indicators included in the Indices of Deprivation 2019.

Income Deprivation 22.5%	Adults and children in Income Support families Adults and children in income-based Jobseeker's Allowance families Adults and children in income-based Employment and Support Allowance families Adults and children in Pension Credit (Guarantee) families Adults and children in Working Tax Credit and Child Tax Credit families, below 60% median income not already counted Asylum seekers in England in receipt of subsistence support, accommodation support, or both Adults and children in Universal Credit families where no adult is in 'Working - no requirements' conditionality regime ++	
Employment Deprivation 22.5%	Claimants of Jobseeker's Allowance, aged 18-59/64 Claimants of Employment and Support Allowance, aged 18-59/64 Claimants of Incapacity Benefit, aged 18-59/64 Claimants of Severe Disablement Allowance, aged 18-59/64 Claimants of Carer's Allowance, aged 18-59/64 Claimants of Universal Credit in the 'Searching for work' and 'No work requirements' conditionality groups ++	
Education, Skills & Training Deprivation 13.5%	Key Stage 2 attainment: scaled scores         Key Stage 4 attainment: average capped points score         Secondary school absence         Staying on in education post 16         Entry to higher education         Adults with no or low qualifications, aged 25-59/64         Adults who cannot speak English or cannot speak English well, aged 25-59/64	
Health Deprivation & Disability 13.5%	Years of potential life lost Comparative illness and disability ratio ** Acute morbidity Mood and anxiety disorders **	
Crime 9.3%	Recorded crime rates for: • Violence • Burglary • Theft • Criminal damage	
Barriers to Housing & Services 9.3%	Road distance to a: <ul> <li>Post office</li> <li>Primary school</li> <li>General store or supermarket</li> <li>GP surgery</li> <li>Household overcrowding</li> <li>Homelessness</li> <li>Wider Barriers</li> <li>Wider Barriers</li> </ul>	
Living Environment Deprivation 9.3%	Houses without central heating       Indoors Living Environment         Housing in poor condition       Outdoors Living Environment         Air quality       Outdoors Living Environment	
	MHCLG, IoD2019	

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Gosport Borough Council

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